

**EMERGENCY RELIEF [UNDER THE PROTECTION] FROM ABUSE [ACT],  
SEXUAL VIOLENCE OR INTIMIDATION**

Rule 1201. Applicability.

The rules in this chapter apply to the exercise by a hearing officer of jurisdiction under Section 6110 of the Protection From Abuse Act, 23 Pa.C.S. § 6110, to grant emergency relief from abuse, **and Section 62A09 of Act 25 of 2014, P.L. 365, No. 25, 42 Pa.C.S. § 62A09 (providing for protection of victims of sexual violence or intimidation)**

Official Note

See the Protection From Abuse Act set forth in the Domestic Relations Code, 23 Pa.C.S. §§ 6101—6118 **and Act 25 of 2014, P.L. 365, No. 25, 42 Pa. C.S. §§ 62A01--62A20.**

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**This chapter was amended in 2015 to provide procedural rules for protective orders sought for victims of sexual violence or intimidation. See Act 25 of 2014, P.L. 365, No. 25, 42 Pa.C.S. §§ 62A01-62A20.**

Rule 1202. Definitions.

As used in this chapter:

**(1) “abuse”[“adult” and “family or household members” shall have the meanings given to those words in Section 6102 of the Protection From Abuse Act, 23 Pa.C.S. § 6102] means the occurrence of one or more of the following acts between family or household members, sexual or intimate partners or persons who share biological parenthood:**

**(A) attempting to cause or intentionally, knowingly or recklessly causing bodily injury, serious bodily injury, rape, involuntary deviate sexual intercourse, sexual assault, statutory sexual assault, aggravated indecent assault, indecent assault or incest with or without a deadly weapon.**

**(B) placing another in reasonable fear of imminent serious bodily injury.**

**(C) the infliction of false imprisonment pursuant to 18 Pa.C.S. § 2903 (relating to false imprisonment).**

**(D) physically or sexually abusing minor children, including such terms as defined in Chapter 63 (relating to child protective services).**

**(E) knowingly engaging in a course of conduct or repeatedly committing acts toward another person, including following the person, without proper authority, under circumstances which place the person in reasonable fear of bodily injury. The definition of this paragraph applies only to proceedings commenced under this title and is inapplicable to any criminal prosecutions commenced under Title 18 (relating to crimes and offenses).**

**(2) “adult” means an individual who is 18 years of age or older.**

**(3) “court” means**

**(A) the court of common pleas of the judicial district in which the office of the hearing officer taking action under these rules is located in actions brought under the Protection from Abuse Act, 23 Pa.C.S. §§ 6101—6118, or**

**(B) the court or magisterial district judge having jurisdiction over the matter in actions brought pursuant to Section 62A09 of Act 25 of 2014, 42 Pa.C.S. § 62A09 (providing for protection of victims of sexual violence or intimidation).**

**(4) “family or household members” means spouses or persons who have been spouses, persons living as spouses or who lived as spouses, parents and children, other persons related by consanguinity or affinity, current or former sexual or intimate partners or persons who share biological parenthood.**

**(5) “hearing officer” means a magisterial district judge, judge of the Philadelphia Municipal Court, bail commissioner appointed under 42 Pa.C.S. § 1123 (relating to jurisdiction and venue), master appointed under 42 Pa.C.S. § 1126 (relating to masters), and master for emergency relief appointed under 23 Pa.C.S. § 6110(e) or 42 Pa.C.S. §62A09(e) (relating to master for emergency relief).**

**(6) “intimidation” means conduct constituting a crime under either of the following provisions between persons who are not family or household members:**

**(A) 18 Pa.C.S. § 2709(a)(4), (5), (6) or (7) (relating to harassment) where the conduct is committed by a person 18 years of age or older against a person under 18 years of age.**

**(B) 18 Pa.C.S. § 2709.1 (relating to stalking) where the conduct is committed by a person 18 years of age or older against a person under 18 years of age.**

**(7) “sexual violence” means conduct constituting a crime under any of the following provisions between persons who are not family or household members:**

**(A) 18 Pa.C.S. Ch. 31 (relating to sexual offenses), except 18 Pa.C.S. §§ 3129 (relating to sexual intercourse with animal) and 3130 (relating to conduct relating to sex offenders).**

**(B) 18 Pa.C.S. § 4304 (relating to endangering welfare of children) if the offense involved sexual contact with the victim.**

**(C) 18 Pa.C.S. § 6301(a)(1)(ii) (relating to corruption of minors).**

**(D) 18 Pa.C.S. § 6312(b) (relating to sexual abuse of children).**

**(E) 18 Pa.C.S. § 6318 (relating to unlawful contact with minor).**

**(F) 18 Pa.C.S. § 6320 (relating to sexual exploitation of children).**

**(8) “victim” means a person who is a victim of abuse, sexual violence or intimidation.**

#### **Official Note**

**These definitions are largely derived from 23 Pa.C.S. § 6102 and 42 Pa.C.S. § 62A03.**

Rule 1203. Limitation on jurisdiction.

The hearing officer may grant relief under these rules only when the court is unavailable to do so pursuant to the provisions of:

**(1)** Section 6110 of the Protection From Abuse Act, 23 Pa.C.S. § 6110,

**(2) 42 Pa.C.S. § 62A09 (providing for protection of victims of sexual violence or intimidation), or**

**(3)** local rule of court.

#### Official Note

The limitation in this rule is taken from Section 6110 of the Protection From Abuse Act, 23 Pa.C.S. § 6110, **and 42 Pa.C.S. § 62A09.**

This rule recognizes and reaffirms the existing practice in many counties. The availability of each court to grant necessary emergency relief [**under the Act**] will vary greatly, both during the business and non-business day; therefore, it was deemed desirable to permit each court to promulgate such rules as would best serve its specific needs in providing for efficient implementation of [**the Act**] **emergency relief measures.**

Rule 1204. Venue.

A. Except as provided in subdivision B, a proceeding for emergency relief may be brought in a magisterial district within the county in which

- (1) the plaintiff resides, either temporarily or permanently, or
- (2) the abuse, **sexual violence, or intimidation** occurred.

B. If the relief sought includes possession of the residence or household to the exclusion of the defendant, the action may be brought only in a magisterial district within the county in which the residence or household is located.

Official Note

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**Subdivision B of this rule only applies to actions brought pursuant to Section 6110 of the Protection From Abuse Act, 23 Pa.C.S. § 6110.**

Rule 1205. Persons who may seek emergency relief.

An adult or an emancipated minor may seek emergency relief from abuse, **sexual violence or intimidation** for himself or herself. Also, any parent, adult household member or guardian ad litem may seek emergency relief from abuse, **sexual violence or intimidation** on behalf of minor children. In addition, a guardian of the person of an incapacitated person as defined in 20 Pa.C.S. § 5501 may seek emergency relief on behalf of the incapacitated person.

Official Note

This rule is derived from Section 6106 of the Protection From Abuse Act, 23 Pa.C.S. § 6106, **as well as 42 Pa.C.S. § 62A05.**

Rule 1206. Commencement of proceedings.

A. A proceeding for emergency relief from abuse, **sexual violence or intimidation** shall be commenced by the filing of a petition by the plaintiff with the hearing officer on a form which shall be prescribed by the State Court Administrator. The petition shall be signed by the plaintiff and shall set forth the names and addresses of the plaintiff and the defendant and the names, addresses and ages of any person on whose behalf the plaintiff is seeking relief. The plaintiff shall also allege in the petition, in general terms, the cause for seeking **emergency** relief from abuse, **sexual violence or intimidation**.

B. Upon issuance of an emergency order, the hearing officer shall provide the plaintiff with instructions regarding the commencement of proceedings in the court of common pleas and regarding the procedures for initiating a contempt charge should the defendant violate the emergency order. The hearing officer shall also advise the plaintiff of the existence of **rape crisis centers in the county, as well as** programs for victims of domestic **or sexual** violence in the county or in nearby counties and inform the plaintiff of the availability of legal assistance without cost if the plaintiff is unable to pay therefor.

C. The petition shall be filed and service shall be made without prepayment of costs.

Official Note

**[It was thought desirable to require the petition to be on a simple, prescribed form since this is an emergency proceeding and the plaintiff is apt to be in an excited state at the time of the filing.]** Subdivision B is added to assure compliance with the requirement of Section 6110(d) of the Protection From Abuse Act, 23 Pa.C.S. § 6110(d), **as well as 42 Pa.C.S. § 62A09(d)**. Practice varies among the judicial districts as to what procedures the plaintiff must follow to continue in effect a protection order in the court of common pleas upon the certification of an emergency protection order to the court of common pleas. The hearing officer should provide clear instructions to the plaintiff as to what must be done to continue in effect the protection order in the court of common pleas. See Rule 1210 and Note and Rule 1211 and Note. Subdivision C is derived from Section 6106(b) of the Act, 23 Pa.C.S. § 6106(b), **as well as 42 Pa.C.S. § 62A05(b)**, and reflects the practice when a temporary order is issued at the common pleas level.

Rule 1207. Hearing.

As soon as possible after the filing of the petition, the hearing officer shall hold an ex parte hearing thereon. The plaintiff may present witnesses at the hearing. **[,but need not be compelled to disclose the permanent or temporary residence of the plaintiff or minor children] Neither in the petition nor during a hearing shall the hearing officer require disclosure of the address of a domestic violence program, a rape crisis center, or the plaintiff or victim, as appropriate.**

Official Note

**[Under Section 6110(a) of the Protection From Abuse Act, 23 Pa.C.S. § 6110(a), the] The hearing is ex parte, and [under Section 6110(b) of the Act, 23 Pa.C.S. § 6110(b)] the emergency order[s] issued by the hearing officer[s] as a result of the hearing are of short duration. **See 23 Pa.C.S. § 6110(a)-(b), 42 Pa.C.S. 62A09(a)-(b)**. Accordingly, there are no provisions in these rules for notice to the defendant prior to the hearing. The hearing need not be held at the office of the hearing officer. The last phrase was added to **[i]ensure compliance with [Section 6112 of the Act,] 23 Pa.C.S. § 6112 and 42 Pa.C.S. 62A11. Nothing in the last****

**phrase is intended to preclude a magisterial district judge from determining that venue is proper pursuant to Rule 1204.**

**Rule 1208. Findings and protection orders.**

A. If the hearing officer, upon good cause shown, finds it necessary to protect the plaintiff, **[or] minor children, or victim** from abuse, **sexual violence, or intimidation**, **[he] the hearing officer** may grant relief in accordance with **[Section 6110(a) of the Protection From Abuse Act,] 23 Pa.C.S. § 6110(a) or 42 Pa.C.S. § 62A09(a)**, and make any protection orders necessary to effectuate that relief. Immediate and present danger of abuse, **sexual violence, or intimidation** to the plaintiff, **[or] minor children, or victim** shall constitute good cause.

B. The hearing officer shall enter on the petition form **[his] the** findings and any protection orders made or other action taken **[by him]**.

Official Note

Subdivision A of this rule is derived from **[Section 6110(a) of the Protection From Abuse Act,] 23 Pa.C.S. § 6110(a)**, which permits the hearing officer to grant limited relief in accordance with **[Section] 23 Pa.C.S. §§ 6108(a)(1), (2) and (6) or (1) and (6) [of the Act]** (relating to relief), **as well as 42 Pa.C.S. § 62A07(b)**.

Rule 1209. Service and execution of emergency protection orders.

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Official Note

... Due to the emergency nature of these protection orders and the fact that to be meaningful they must be served and executed at night or on a weekend, the hearing officer should have the authority to use police officers as well as sheriffs and certified constables to serve and execute these orders. *See* **[Section 6109(a) of the Protection From Abuse Act,] 23 Pa.C.S. § 6109(a) and 42 Pa.C.S. § 62A05(d)**. Service shall be made without prepayment of costs. See Rule 1206(C).

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Rule 1210. Duration of emergency protection orders.

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Official Note

This rule is derived from [**Section 6110(b) of the Protection From Abuse Act,**] 23 Pa.C.S. § 6110(b) **and 42 Pa.C.S. § 62A09(b).** ...

Rule 1211. Certification to court of common pleas.

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Official Note

Certification under subdivision A of this rule is required by [**Section 6110(c) of the Protection From Abuse Act,**] 23 Pa.C.S. § 6110(c) **and 42 Pa.C.S. § 62A09(c).** ...